

Informing Climate Change and Sustainable Development Policies with Integrated Data

BILBAO. SPAIN 10-14 JUNE 2024 #UNBigData2024

UN Global Platform

How the UN Statistics Division advances the use of state-of-theart technologies in statistical offices by enabling access to large volumes of data and modern tools and methods

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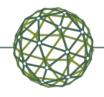














2013: **Non-traditional sources** of data as potentially useful sources of statistical information



2014: Statistical Commission **strengthened mandates** aimed at enhancing use of big data and related technologies



2017: the idea of a **Global Platform** for data, services and applications (UN Statistical Commission Decision 48/105(d))

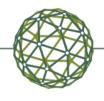


2018: UN Global Platform emerges as a **cloud-based data collaboration space** for the statistical community



Condition for use: Projects must benefit official statistics



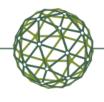


On-going initiatives we support:

- Privacy-preserving data science
- Vessel tracking data (AIS)
- Climate & health indicators
- Statistical data portals (.Stat)
- Modernization of UN Data
- New trade data processing tools
- E-learning courses
- Data4Now

Concluded initiatives:

- Using satellite imagery & machine learning to create modern crop maps in Senegal
- Concept & SDG extraction using semantic web technologies

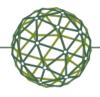


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Vessel-tracking data (AIS)

- Goal: Facilitate NSO access to terabytes of marine vessel location data in a cost-effective cloudbased computing environment
- We built data pipelines to continuously ingest AIS data and built a cloud-based Spark environment for data scientists to run their own solutions, resulting in 15+ research papers plus several data platforms, with data going back to 2018.





Data scientists in the statistical community can access the location and movements of **all vessels globally**, with data back to **2018**.



Platform is overseen by the **UN Committee of Experts on Big Data** (UN-CEBD), established in 2014 (former UN GWG Big Data)



Real-time AIS updates on global vessel positions and speeds, **35k new records** every two minutes.



16.8 TB of data available in a cloud-based Kubernetes **Spark environment** with around 300 cores and 1,800 GB memory

15 NSOs, 16 intl organizations, 14 universities and 12 other government institutes use the AIS data on the platform in one or more projects



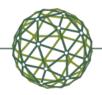
15+ major research papers have expanded state-of-the-art research methodology using AIS for statistical purposes

Evolution and impact:
Harnessing high-

frequency data for

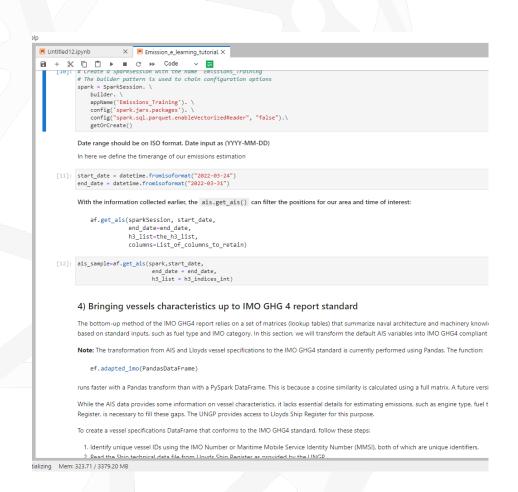
official statistics

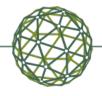




The AIS Service on the UN Global Platform

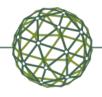
- Platform-as-a-service: users should be able to build their own solutions (like PortWatch)
- Built using modern cloud-native technologies (K8s, spot instances, serverless)
- Extensive partnerships with NSOs in user experience & peer review of technology architectures
- In-house operations and engineering
- Users prototype solutions in Notebook environments
- Also provides a remote data processing interface to execute pipelines remotely for remote execution by partners





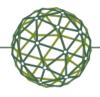
Behind the scenes: Data engineering

- Data contract with ExactEarth allow data for statistical purposes
- Data engineering efforts are a partnership between UN, ADB, and ONS
- Built using AWS Serverless Application Model in Python
- AWS Lambda functions run every two minutes to pull data from API and process



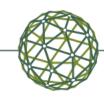
Behind the scenes: Computing environment

- AWS Kubernetes cluster runs Spark jobs efficiently using a mixture of on-demand and pre-emptible instances
- Critical partnership with NetApp
- Cluster expands and shrinks as resources are needed; typical usage is 300 cores, 1800 GB ram
- Can grow to much more than this, shrink to much less, as needed



Impact of AIS data on Research

- Analysis of global economic impacts of COVID-19 lockdown measures using high-frequency shipping data.
- Monitoring and understanding trade dynamics in specific regions, such as the Pacific Islands.
- Research on CO2 emissions from global shipping and the environmental implications of reduced maritime activity during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Prediction of export values using big data and machine learning techniques.
- Insights into port and logistics resilience during disasters and large-scale disruptions



Using high-frequency AIS data for statistical purposes: expanding the state of the art

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